Measures of Academic Progress



An Orientation for Parents

What is MAP?

- Measures of Academic Progress
- Tests in reading, language, and math
- Aligned to State's Academic Standards
- Provides for continuous measures for grades K-9
- Multiple choice format



What is MAP?

- Computer-Adaptive (personalized)
- Multiple Opportunities
- Reported to parents
- Lexiles included
- Used internationally



Who Developed MAP?

- NWEA: Northwest
 Evaluation Association
- NWEA developed leveled items



Why Another Test?

- Different tests are used for different purposes and different audiences
 - Public accountability and program evaluation
 - Promoting student learning and motivation



Summative vs. Formative Assessment OF vs. FOR

- Assessments OF learning determine how much has been learned at a particular point in time (status) in order to report to others.
- Assessments FOR learning provide feedback that is used to modify teaching and learning activities during instruction.



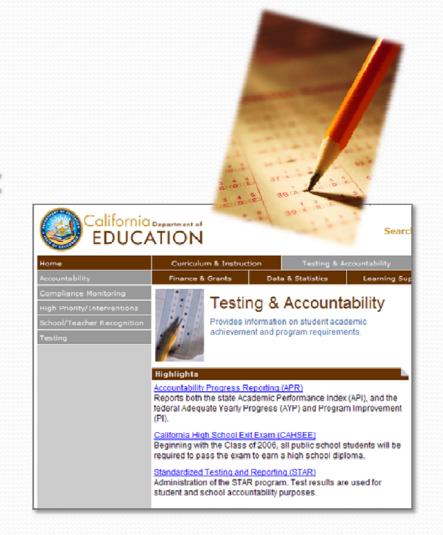
What are Assessments FOR Learning?

- Informs the <u>learner</u>
- Results in learning goals and next steps (a plan)
- Invites student participation and reflection
- Descriptive not evaluative
- Guides instruction
- Embedded in instruction
- Involves pupil self-assessment
- Addresses the skills that <u>underpin</u> the standards
- Communicates that improvement is possible
- Implies students are ultimately responsible for learning



STAR Test

- The STAR or California Standards Tests (CST) are assessments OF learning:
 - one test fits all
 - timed
 - compare students to other students
 - report status after instruction has occurred
 - medical "autopsy"



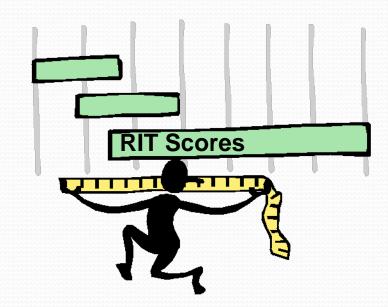
MAP Assessment

- The MAP are assessments
 FOR learning
 - customized to the individual student
 - Compare students to self and others
 - untimed
 - inform instruction
 - provide information before, during and after instruction
 - Focus on growth
 - Like a medical "check-up"



What MAPs measures

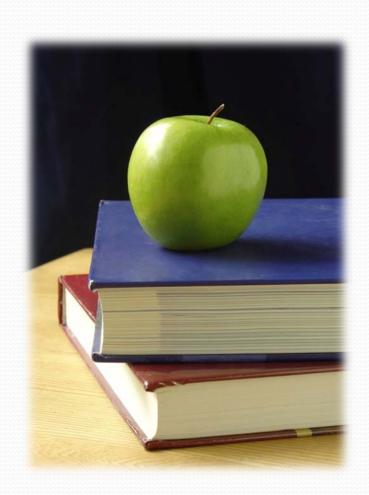
- Reading
- Math



Language (grammar and usage)

Reading

- MAP for Primary Grades (K-1) Measures:
 - Phonological Awareness
 - Phonics
 - Concepts about Print
 - Vocabulary and Word Structure
 - Comprehension
 - Writing
 - (Lexiles)
- MAP for 2-8 Measures:
 - Word Analysis and Vocabulary
 - Literal Comprehension
 - Interpretive Comprehension
 - Literary Response and Analysis
 - (Lexiles)



Math

- MAP for Primary Grades (K-1) Measures:
 - Problem Solving
 - Number Sense
 - Computation
 - Measurement and Geometry
 - Statistics and Probability
 - Algebra
- MAP for 2-8 Measures:
 - Number Sense and Operations
 - Patterns, Functions, and Algebra
 - Measurement
 - Geometry and Spatial Sense
 - Data Analysis, Statistics, and Probability
 - Problem Solving



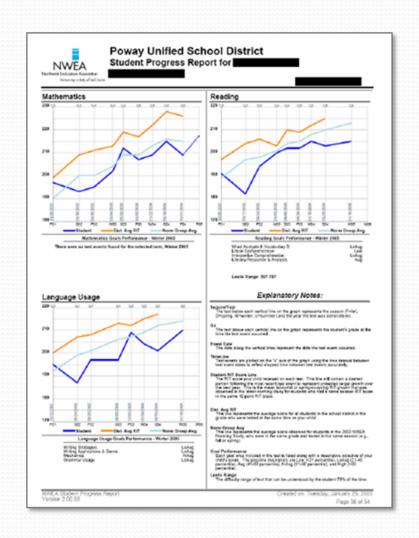
Language Usage

- MAP for Primary Grades (K-1)
 Measures:
 - Language Usage is combined within the reading assessment
- MAP for 2-8 Measures:
 - Writing Strategies
 - Writing Application and Style
 - Mechanics
 - Grammar



Using Results to Drive Learning

- Students test 3 times per year to measure growth
- Results are broken down by sub-skills
- Reports are cumulative to show growth over time



Reporting

- The MAP reports are aligned to California and Orcutt academic standards
 - Reports match the K-5 progress report
 - Reports show district averages
 - Reports show national norms

